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Deeply Practicing the "Two Mountains Theory" to Promote Harmonious Coexistence between Humans and Nature in the New Era

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Abstract: This article aims to deeply explore the practice of the "Two Mountains Theory", in order to promote the harmonious coexistence of humans and nature in the new era. The concept of "Two Mountains Theory" in China emphasizes the construction of ecological civilization, achieving sustainable development and coordinated coexistence between humans and nature by protecting mountains and rivers, ecological environment, and sustainable utilization of resources. This article first introduces the core viewpoint and historical background of this concept. Secondly, the article discusses in detail the application of the "Two Mountains Theory" in practice, including ecological environment improvement, sustainable resource utilization, ecological agriculture and rural revitalization, and other aspects. Next, this article analyzes the importance of social participation and policy support, emphasizing the key role of public education and publicity, government policies and regulations, and active participation of enterprises and social organizations in achieving the goals of the "Two Mountains Theory". However, practicing the "Two Mountains Theory" is not without challenges. This article lists some environmental issues and challenges, such as environmental pollution and resource depletion, and proposes solutions and innovative methods to address these challenges. Finally, through effectiveness evaluation and future prospects, this article summarizes the achievements and impact of the "Two Mountains Theory" practice, emphasizes its importance in promoting harmonious coexistence between humans and nature in the new era, encourages more people to actively participate, and jointly build a better ecological future.

Keywords: Nature Conservation; Human and Nature; Two Mountains Theory.

1. INTRODUCTION

There is an inseparable connection between the mysteries of nature and the prosperity of human society. However, in the past few centuries, human overexploitation of natural resources and environmental damage have had a serious impact on the Earth, threatening our survival and prosperity. In this new era, we must reflect on our relationship with nature and find a more harmonious and symbiotic way to protect the Earth's ecosystem and ensure the well-being of future generations. The concept of "Two Mountains Theory" in China proposes a path that emphasizes the construction of ecological civilization, providing strong guidance for the harmonious coexistence between humans and nature. This concept emphasizes the protection of mountains and rivers, ecological environment, and sustainable utilization of resources, in order to achieve sustainable development and coordinated coexistence between humans and nature. It originates from ancient Chinese landscape culture, advocating for clear mountains and beautiful waters, emphasizing the closeness and harmony between humans and nature. Nowadays, the "Two Mountains Theory" has become the core concept of China's ecological civilization construction and has had a profound impact both domestically and internationally.

2. THEORETICAL OVERVIEW

2.1 Overview of the "Two Mountains Theory"

The "Two Mountains Theory" emphasizes the protection and improvement of the landscape environment. It emphasizes the ecological importance of mountains and rivers, advocating for maintaining the green and fresh nature of mountains and the clarity and cleanliness of water resources. By protecting the landscape environment, we can ensure ecological balance, reduce the risk of natural disasters, improve environmental quality, and improve people's lives. The "Two Mountains Theory" is a part of China's ecological civilization construction, which emphasizes the concept of sustainable economic, social, and ecological development. It emphasizes the organic integration of ecology and economy, advocating for the coordination of economic growth and the protection of natural resources. By promoting the construction of ecological civilization, green economic growth can be achieved, environmental damage can be reduced, and resource utilization efficiency can be improved. The "Two Mountains Theory" advocates sustainable development, which means meeting the needs of the current generation

without compromising the needs of future generations. It emphasizes the sustainable use of resources to ensure that they are not depleted while reducing negative impacts on the environment. This helps to maintain ecological balance, improve quality of life, and promote long-term social prosperity. The "Two Mountains Theory" emphasizes social participation and government policy support. This requires the government to take proactive policy measures to encourage resource conservation and environmental improvement, as well as active participation from all sectors of society, including businesses, academia, social organizations, and the general public. The application of the "Two Mountains Theory" in agriculture and rural areas is particularly important. It advocates ecological agriculture and emphasizes the implementation of ecological protection and sustainable agricultural practices in rural areas to promote rural revitalization and the improvement of farmers' living standards.

2.1 Concept of ecological civilization

Ecological civilization emphasizes the harmonious symbiotic relationship between humans and the natural environment. It advocates that the interaction between human society and nature should be mutually supportive, respectful, and mutually reinforcing, in order to achieve the goal of sustainable development. Sustainable development is one of the core concepts of ecological civilization. It emphasizes meeting current social and economic needs without compromising the needs of future generations. Sustainable development considers the balance of economy, society, and environment to ensure the long-term sustainable use of resources. Ecological civilization encourages the maintenance of ecosystem balance, including the protection of species diversity, the stability of the ecosystem, and the effective management of resources. This helps to reduce the risk of ecosystem collapse and natural disasters [2]. Ecological civilization advocates the rational and effective utilization of resources and reduces waste. It emphasizes reducing resource depletion, pollution, and environmental damage to achieve sustainable resource management. Ecological civilization is closely related to green economy. The green economy emphasizes environmental protection and sustainable practices in the production and consumption processes to reduce environmental burden and promote the development of green technologies and industries.

3. SOCIAL PARTICIPATION AND POLICY SUPPORT

3.1 Public education and publicity

The government and relevant institutions need to actively promote the concept and policies of the "Two Mountains Theory" to enhance public awareness and support for ecological civilization construction. This can be achieved through advertising, promotional activities, social media, and other media channels. Publicity can also emphasize the urgency of ecological protection to raise public awareness of environmental issues. The government needs to support the implementation of the Two Mountains Theory through regulations and policies, and ensure that the public is aware of these regulations and policies. This can be achieved by publishing policy documents, organizing training, and information conferences, so that the public can understand relevant policies and actively comply with them. Education and publicity at the community level are also crucial. Communities can organize environmental activities, symposiums, training courses, etc. to encourage residents to actively participate in the construction of ecological civilization. Community education and interaction help establish grassroots support and cooperation, thereby better implementing the "Two Mountains Theory".

3.2 Government policies and regulations

The Chinese government has issued a series of ecological civilization construction plans to clarify the strategic goals of ecological protection and sustainable development. These plans usually include specific policy measures to promote the restoration and protection of the ecosystem of mountains, rivers, forests, fields, lakes, and grasslands. The Chinese government has introduced a series of policies and regulations aimed at protecting land and water resources, including preventing land desertification, soil erosion, and water pollution. These policies support the protection of mountains and water in the "Two Mountains Theory". In order to achieve ecological restoration restoration, and afforestation projects. The government has taken a series of measures to purify lakes and water bodies, prevent water resource pollution, and support the protection of lakes and water bodies in the "Two Mountains Theory". The government issues land use plans to ensure the rational use of land while protecting farmland, arable land, and ecosystems.

4. THE APPLICATION OF "TWO MOUNTAINS THEORY" IN PRACTICE

4.1 Improvement of ecological environment

The "Two Mountains Theory" encourages the protection and restoration of ecosystems such as mountains, rivers, forests, fields, lakes, and grasslands through ecological restoration projects. This includes afforestation, wetland protection, soil and water conservation projects, etc., to slow down soil erosion, improve water conservation capacity, promote soil fertility, and thus improve the ecological environment. The "Two Mountains Theory" promotes the delineation of ecological protection red lines, limits the scope of development and construction, ensures the integrity of the ecosystem, and prevents ecosystem degradation. Guide land use planning, encourage sustainable agricultural development, avoid excessive land development, and protect farmland ecosystems. Ensure the sustainable utilization of water resources through the ecological restoration of lakes and rivers and the rational allocation of water resources.

4.2 Sustainable utilization of resources

The concept of "farmland" encourages sustainable agricultural practices, such as organic agriculture and agricultural ecological protection. This helps to improve land productivity, reduce land degradation and the use of fertilizers and pesticides, and promote sustainable rural development. In terms of "lakes" (water resources), the "Two Mountains Theory" proposes requirements for lake protection and water resource management. This includes measures such as reducing pollution, restoring lake ecosystems, and improving water efficiency to ensure the sustainable supply of water resources. The "mountain" (mountainous) and "grass" (grassland) sections emphasize the restoration and protection of ecosystems. This includes restoration of forest vegetation, protection of wildlife, and management of grassland ecosystems to maintain ecological balance. The construction of ecological civilization is closely related to the development of green economy. The Two Mountains Theory encourages innovation in green technologies and industries to promote sustainable development and reduce resource consumption.

5. CONCLUSION

In the process of promoting harmonious coexistence between humans and nature in the new era, it is crucial to deeply practice the "Two Mountains Theory". By fully understanding and implementing this concept, we can make significant progress in resource management and sustainable development. Practicing the "Two Mountains Theory" can help shape a more harmonious relationship between people and nature, promote the construction of ecological civilization, and achieve a positive interaction between economic development and ecological environment protection. Firstly, deeply practicing the "Two Mountains Theory" requires us to deeply recognize the importance of ecosystems and actively participate in resource protection and ecological restoration work. By strengthening the cultivation of ecological and environmental protection awareness, we can achieve reasonable management and protection of natural resources such as mountains, rivers, forests, fields, lakes, and grasses, thereby ensuring the stability of the ecosystem and the sustainable development of the ecological environment.

Secondly, promoting the harmonious coexistence between humans and nature in the new era requires attention to the organic combination of ecological civilization construction and economic development. Deeply practicing the "Two Mountains Theory" means paying attention to ecological benefits in economic development and advocating green production and consumption methods to achieve a virtuous cycle of economic growth and ecological protection. In addition, strengthening policy support and legal protection is also crucial for deepening the practice of the "Two Mountains Theory". The government should introduce stricter regulations and policies to ensure effective supervision and management of resource management and environmental protection, while providing necessary economic incentives and support, and encouraging all sectors of society to actively participate in the construction of ecological civilization.

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